F.2 History Lesson Plan

Student-teacher Name: Lau Kit Chi
Class: F.2E (8 lessons) & F.2A (9 lessons)
Topic: Renaissance (Textbook p.1-19)

Lesson 1: Introduce myself, Meaning of the Renaissance and Revise some features in the Middle Ages (F.1 syllabus)
Lesson 2: Show the general changes in the Renaissance, Explain one of the causes of the Renaissance – the decline of Feudalism (brief introduction of the Crusades).
Lesson 3: Explain the other two causes of the Renaissance – the decline of Church influence and the invention of movable type printing press.
Lesson 4: Why the Renaissance firstly started in Italy?
Lesson 5: Introduce the Humanism & briefly introduce the new idea in Art
Lesson 6: Admire the paintings of Vinci.
Lesson 7: Admire the other two statements in Art – Michelangelo & Raphael.
Lesson 8: Start to introduce the Science — Copernicus.
Lesson 9: introduce the Science – Galileo.
Lesson 2: Show the general changes in the Renaissance, Explain one of the causes of the Renaissance – the decline of Feudalism (brief introduction of the Crusades).
(Textbook p.4)

Aim:
1) Show the general changes in the Renaissance,
2) Understand one of the causes of the Renaissance – the decline of Feudalism &
3) Briefly introduce the Crusades and let students know how to identify the Crusaders?

*There are 35 minutes per period in Day 6 only.

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<th>Content</th>
<th>Teacher &amp; Student Responses</th>
<th>Teaching -aid materials</th>
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| 3 mins     | 1) Revise the last lesson content            | Ask students’ questions: ~Which power influenced the society very much in the Middle Ages? The Church.  
                        ~Do you think there was great or less freedom under the feudal system in the Middle Ages? Less freedom.  
                        (it had been discussed in last lesson)                                                      | Notes                   |
| 5 mins     | 2) Showing the general changes in the Renaissance. | ~There were many changes took place in the Renaissance.  
             → Give examples and compare the differences between the Middle Ages and the Renaissance. | Textbook p.4            |

15 mins  Analysis one of the causes of the Renaissance – The decline of feudalism.
~Explain the feudal lords – nobles went on Crusades and its effect to the feudal system.
~Transparency  
~explain and write the supplementary
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| 10 mins | a) Nobles went on the Crusades  
~Explain what were the Crusades? How to identify a Crusader.  
(Let the students find any symbol was shown in the Crusader’s clothes and shield.) | notes in the blackboard.  
~Show the picture of a Crusader.  
~write the notes in the blackboard. |
| 2 mins | b) The serfs left the manors and lived as freemen in towns  
Ask students question:  
~If you were the serfs, would you still stay in the manor when the nobles went on the Crusades?  
~How was the living of freemen in towns? | ~Students answer the questions (find some hints in the textbook p.4)  
~Teacher explain and show the transparency. |
|       | c) conclusion for the first reason  
How were the above situations beneficial to the start of the Renaissance? | Explain and show the transparency. |

If there are 5 mins left, I can continue to introduce the second cause of the renaissance. (for F.2E)
Lesson 3: Explain the other two causes of the Renaissance – the decline of Church influence and the invention of movable type printing press.

Aim: Understand the other causes of the Renaissance.
   a) The decline of Church influence
   b) The invention of the movable type printing press

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<tr>
<td>1 min</td>
<td>Revise the last lesson content</td>
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<tr>
<td>14 mins</td>
<td>1. Introduce the second cause of the Renaissance – the decline of Church influence.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>a) Remind the power of Church in the Middle Ages.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>b) Where was the centre of Catholic Church in the early Middle Ages?</td>
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<td></td>
<td>c) Where was the centre of Catholic Church in the 14th century?</td>
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<tr>
<td>5 mins</td>
<td>d) Explain the quarrel for the leadership of Catholic Church. What were the effects of the quarrel?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15 mins</td>
<td>2) introduce the last cause of the Renaissance – the invention of the movable type printing press.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>a) Do you know how to make the books in the Middle Ages?</td>
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<td></td>
<td>b) Do you know who is Gutenberg? (Do the exercise in the textbook p.9)</td>
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<tr>
<td>5 mins</td>
<td>c) What was the influence of the invention of the movable type printing press?</td>
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<tr>
<td>type printing press?</td>
<td>fell.</td>
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<td>This helped the spread of ideas and learning.</td>
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Student-Teacher Name: Lau Kit Chi  
Date: 10 Nov, 2000 (Day 4 11:00-11:40a.m.)  
Class: F.2A  
Chapter 1 Renaissance  
Topic: Why did the Renaissance begin in Italy?

**Aim:**  
1) Understand why did the Renaissance begin in Italy?  
2) Let students imagine how to show off their wealth if they were the rich people in Italy in the 14th century.

**Teaching-aid material:**  
1) map of Italy in the 14th century,  
2) map of the Crusades,  
3) pictures of Medici family and  
4) worksheet for the activity.

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<tr>
<td>4 mins</td>
<td>1) Revise the last lesson content and finish p.9 activity</td>
<td>What were the causes of the Renaissance?</td>
<td>Textbook p.9</td>
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| 1 mins     | 2) The Renaissance began in Italy. | Ask students questions:  
~ Do you remember where did the Renaissance take place?  
*Europe  
~ Can you find which state did the Renaissance firstly start?  
*Italy | Textbook p.4 |
| 8 mins     | 3) Why the renaissance began in Italy?  
   a) The special position of the Italian city-states. | The Renaissance did not start in the whole Europe at the same time. It first started in Italy in the 14th century.  
   Which system declined in the late Middle Ages?  
   Feudalism declined in the late Middle Ages.  
   Italy was made up of many independent city-states.  
   Most of the Italians living in the city-states were freemen, and not serfs. They had great | Map of Italy in the 14th century.  
Write the key points on the blackboard. |
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| 5 mins | b) The Crusades  
(The meaning and the aim of the Crusades have been discussed in the second lesson) | Do you remember What was the main aim of the Crusades?  
They hoped to gain back the Holy Land.  
Italy was on the route to the Holy Land. The traders of the Italian city-states made a lot of money from the Crusades.  
They could pay good prices for fine art and paintings.  
Show the map of the Crusades.  
Write the key points on the blackboard. |
| 5 mins | c) Italy was the centre of art and learning in Roman times. | In the Renaissance, what kind of art and learning did the people interest in?  
The classical things and the ancient Greco-Roman art and learning.  
Write the key points on the blackboard. |
| 5 mins | d) The fall of Constantinople in 1453. | Many scholars escaped to Italy when the Turks took Constantinople.  
Write the key points on the blackboard. |
| 12 mins | 4) Students activity: Group work  
“Show off your money”  
Students present their ideas  
Briefly introduce the Medici family in Florence. | If you were the rich people in Italy in the 14th century, how could you show off your wealth?  
Do you spend large sum of money on pictures, books and fine goods?  
The Medici family spent large sums of money on pictures, books and fine goods.  
Worksheet  
Write the key points on the blackboard.  
Show the pictures of the Medici family |